

# **H&E** EQUIPMENT SERVICES<sup>®</sup>



*Second Quarter 2019 Earnings Conference*

# Second Quarter 2019 Earnings Conference

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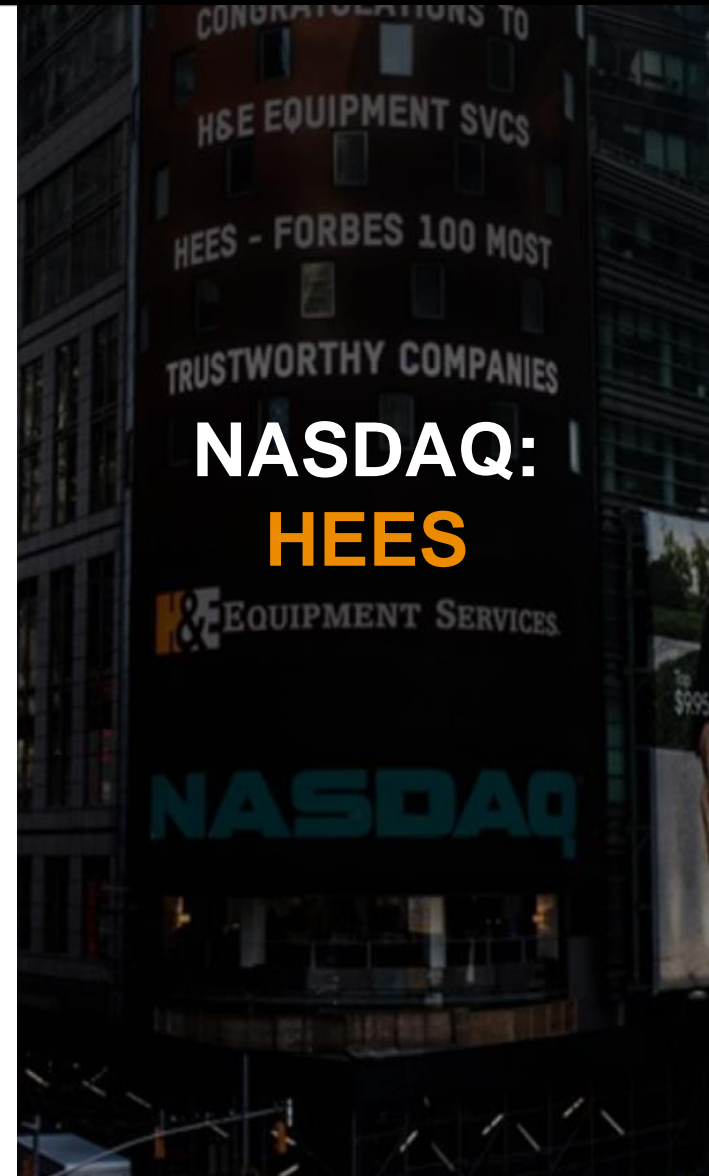
**John Engquist** EXECUTIVE CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD

**Brad Barber** CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND PRESIDENT

**Leslie Magee** CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

**Kevin Inda** VICE PRESIDENT OF INVESTOR RELATIONS

July 25, 2019



### ***Forward-Looking Information***

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This presentation contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the federal securities laws. Statements that are not historical facts, including statements about our beliefs and expectations, are forward-looking statements. Statements containing the words "may", "could", "would", "should", "believe", "expect", "anticipate", "plan", "estimate", "target", "project", "intend", "foresee" and similar expressions constitute forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties, which could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statement. Such factors include, but are not limited to, the following: (1) general economic conditions and construction and industrial activity in the markets where we operate in North America; (2) our ability to forecast trends in our business accurately, and the impact of economic downturns and economic uncertainty on the markets we serve; (3) the impact of conditions in the global credit and commodity markets and their effect on construction spending and the economy in general; (4) relationships with equipment suppliers; (5) increased maintenance and repair costs as we age our fleet and decreases in our equipment's residual value; (6) our indebtedness; (7) risks associated with the expansion of our business and any potential acquisitions we may make, including any related capital expenditures or our inability to consummate such acquisitions; (8) our possible inability to integrate any businesses we acquire; (9) competitive pressures; (10) security breaches and other disruptions in our information technology systems; (11) adverse weather events or disasters; (12) compliance with laws and regulations, including those relating to environmental matters, corporate governance matters and tax matters, as well as any future changes to such laws and regulations; and (13) other factors discussed in our public filings, including the risk factors included in the Company's most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K. Investors, potential investors and other readers are urged to consider these factors carefully in evaluating the forward-looking statements and are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements. Except as required by applicable law, including the securities laws of the United States and the rules and regulations of the SEC, we are under no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements after the date of this presentation.

### ***Non-GAAP Financial Measures***

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This presentation contains certain Non-GAAP measures (EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA and Free Cash Flow). Please refer to Appendix A of this presentation for a description of these measures and a discussion of our use of these measures. These Non-GAAP measures, as calculated by the Company, are not necessarily comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies. Additionally, these Non-GAAP measures are not a measurement of financial or operating performance or liquidity under GAAP and should not be considered an alternative to the Company's other financial information determined under GAAP. See Appendix A for a reconciliation of these Non-GAAP measures.

## ***Second Quarter Overview***

- Q2 2019 Summary
- Rental Business Highlights
- Regional, Acquisitions and Greenfield Update
- End-User Markets/Fleet Update
- Current Market Conditions

## ***Second Quarter Financial Overview***

- Q2 2019 Results
- 2019 Fleet and Free Cash Flow Update
- Capital Structure Update

## ***Conclusion***

## ***Question and Answer Session***

***Brad Barber*** CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND PRESIDENT

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***Second Quarter 2019 Overview***

## ***Second Quarter Summary***

- Q2 2019 results consistent with the ongoing strength in the non-residential construction markets.
- Large contractor customers optimistic for remainder of 2019 and into 2020.
- Strong rental results.

## ***Revenue/Gross Margin***

- Total revenue increased 7.5%, or \$23.2 million, to \$333.6 million vs. \$310.4 million in Q2 2018.
- Gross margin was 37.4% vs. 34.8% in year ago quarter due to strong operating performance.

## ***Adjusted EBITDA***

- Adjusted EBITDA increased 16.0% to \$118.0 million (35.4% margin) vs. Q2 2018 Adjusted EBITDA of \$101.8 million (32.8% margin).

## ***Net Income***

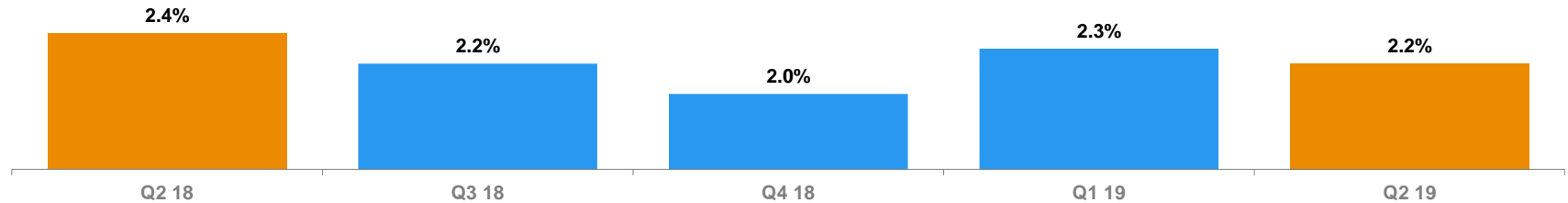
- Net income was \$22.6 million vs. net income of \$20.8 million in Q2 2018.
- Net income per share was \$0.63 vs. \$0.58 in Q2 2018.
- Effective tax rate was 26.8% in Q2 2019 vs. 25.5% in Q2 2018.



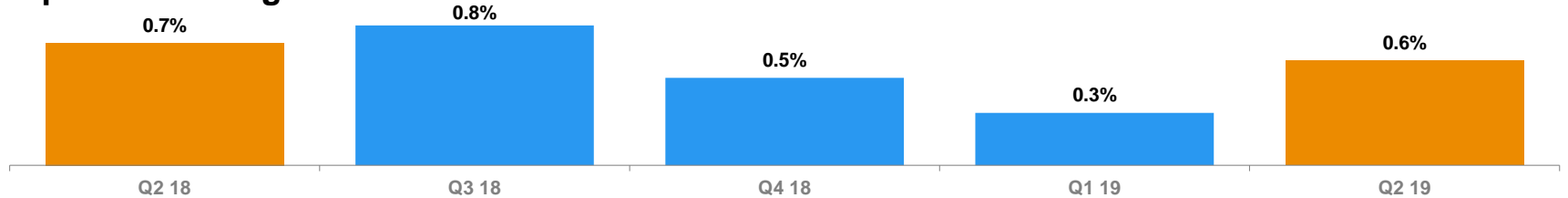
### Rental Business Highlights

- Rental revenue increased 20.9% to \$173.8 million compared to \$143.8 million in Q2 2018.<sup>1</sup>
- Rental gross margins were 49.1% in both periods.<sup>1</sup>
- Rental rates increased 2.2% over Q2 2018; rates increased 0.6% sequentially.
- Time utilization (based on OEC) was 71.2% vs. 72.0% in Q2 2018.
- Dollar utilization was 36.5% vs. 35.4% in Q2 2018.

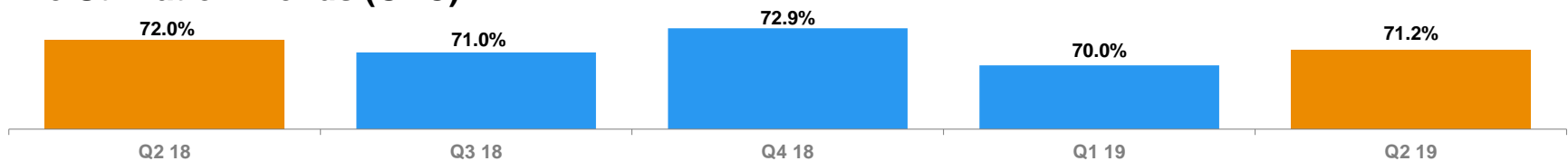
#### Year-Over-Year Average Rental Rate Trends

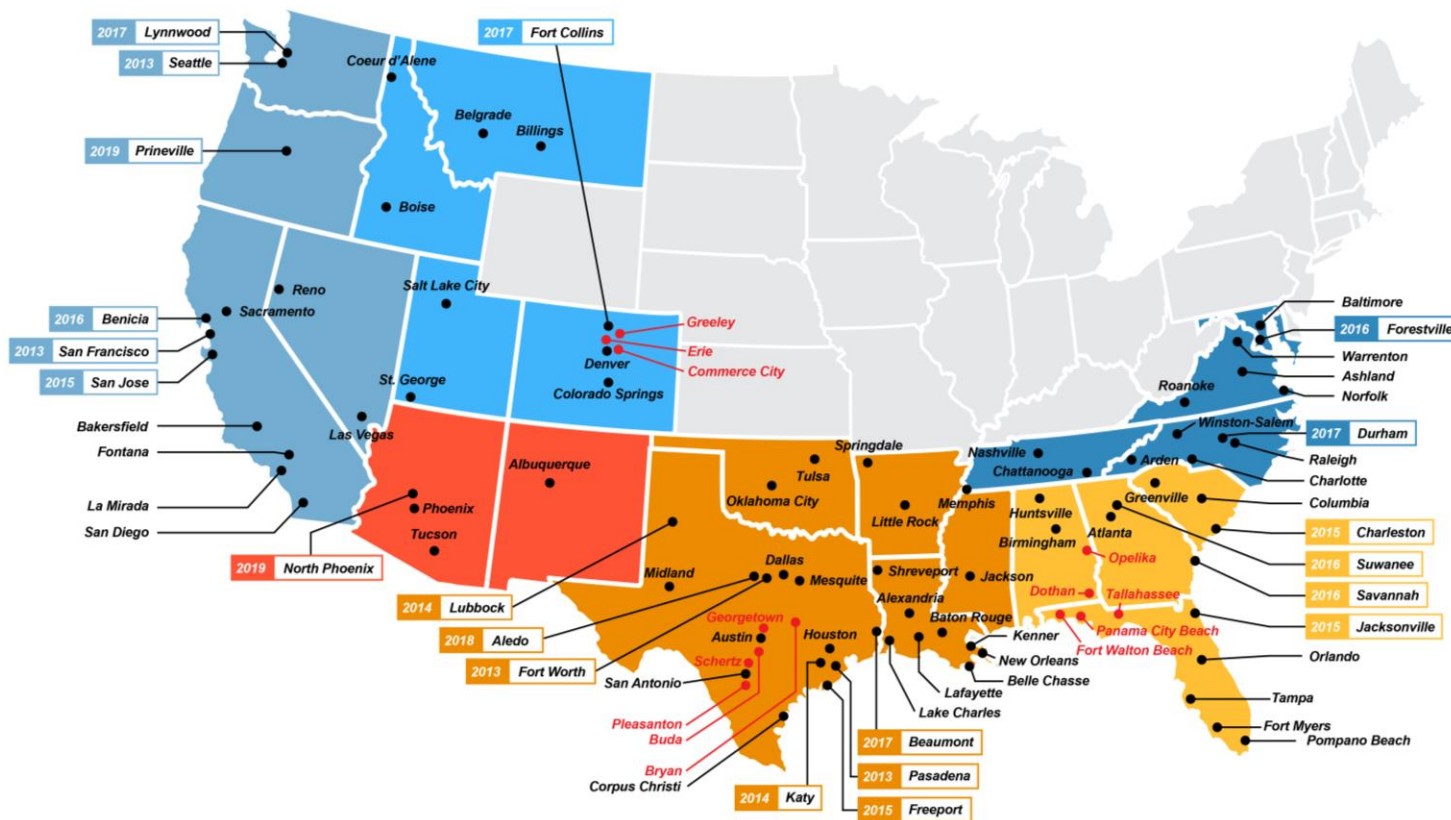


#### Sequential Average Rental Rate Trends



#### Time Utilization Trends (OEC)





# 96

**Total Locations**

### Greenfield Opening Year and Count

YTD	2
2018	1
2017	4
2016	4
2015	4
2014	2
2013	4

### Acquisitions and Location Count

2019	
We-Rent-It	6
2018	
Rental Inc	5
CEC	3

### West Coast

11% Revenue  
12% Gross Profit  
13 Branches

### Southwest

7% Revenue  
6% Gross Profit  
4 Branches

### Intermountain

15% Revenue  
17% Gross Profit  
12 Branches

### Gulf Coast

43% Revenue  
40% Gross Profit  
36 Branches

### Southeast

10% Revenue  
11% Gross Profit  
18 Branches

### Mid-Atlantic

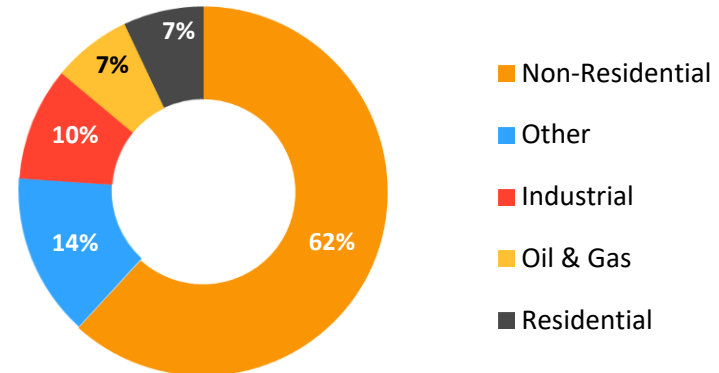
14% Revenue  
14% Gross Profit  
13 Branches

Revenue and gross profit data is as of LTM June 30, 2019.

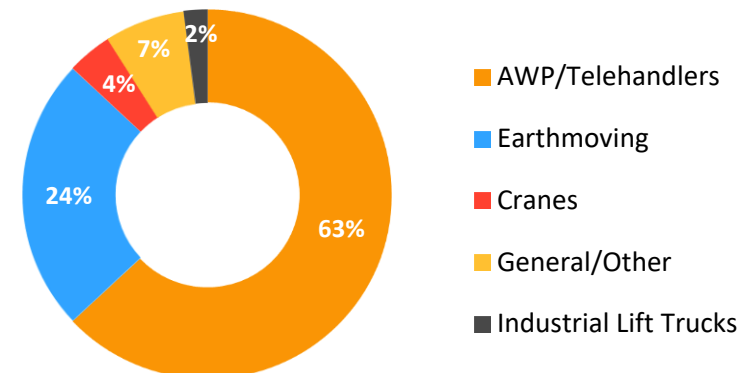


- Non-residential construction end market focus; equipment on wide variety type of non-residential projects.
- Well-diversified customer base.
- Total industrial end market exposure only 10%; majority of our industrial exposure is ongoing maintenance work.
- Young fleet; 34.6 months as of June 30, 2019 compared to industry average of 46.0 months.
- Fleet is well maintained.
- 100% transferrable; no specialized fleet.
- Continue to increase exposure in earthmoving category, which has attractive dollar returns and allows for further leverage of distribution expertise.

## Total Revenues by End Market<sup>1</sup>



## Fleet Mix<sup>2</sup>



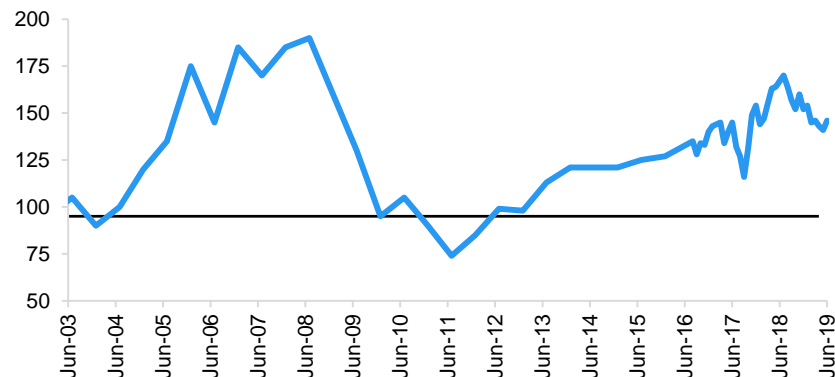
1 – Company data for LTM June 30, 2019.

2 – As of June 30 2019.

- Demand in non-residential and other end-user construction markets remains solid and broad-based.
- American Rental Association forecasting 2018-2022 North American rental industry revenue growth: CAGR of 5.6% (excluding party and event category).
- The American Institute of Architects is projecting non-residential construction spending to grow 4.4% through 2019.
- Energy-related markets remain strong.
- New Gulf Coast industrial projects continue to be announced.
- Significant number of large data center, solar, wind projects.
- State DOTs increasing funding for transportation needs.
- Customer sentiment remains optimistic; recent TRG large contractor survey cites solid optimism for non-residential construction, high and strong visibility into project pipelines in 2019 and 2020.

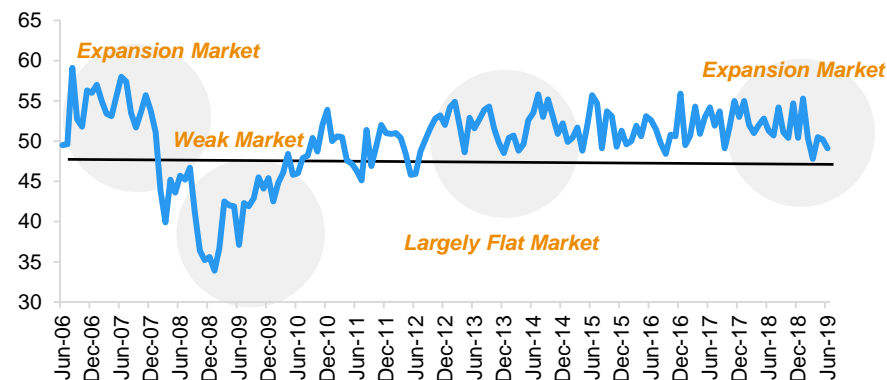
### Dodge Momentum Index (DMI)

Source: Dodge Data & Analytics



### Architectural Billing Index

Source: American Institute of Architects



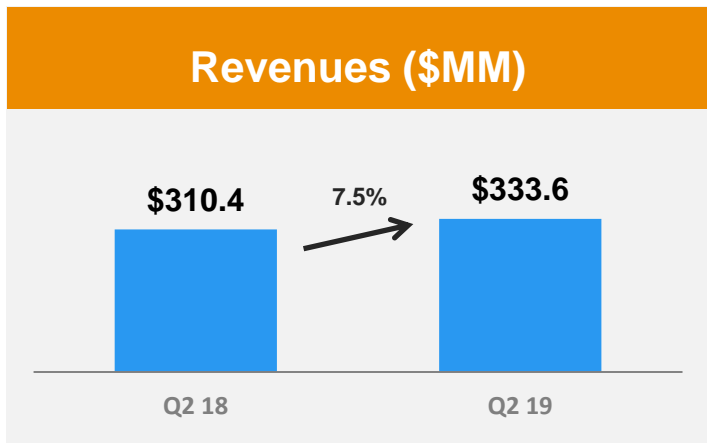
Sources: American Institute of Architects, American Rental Association, Dodge Data and Analytics, Houston Chronicle Fuel Fix, IHS Markit, Louisiana Economic Development, National Bureau of Economic Research and Thompson Research Group (TRG).

***Leslie Magee*** CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

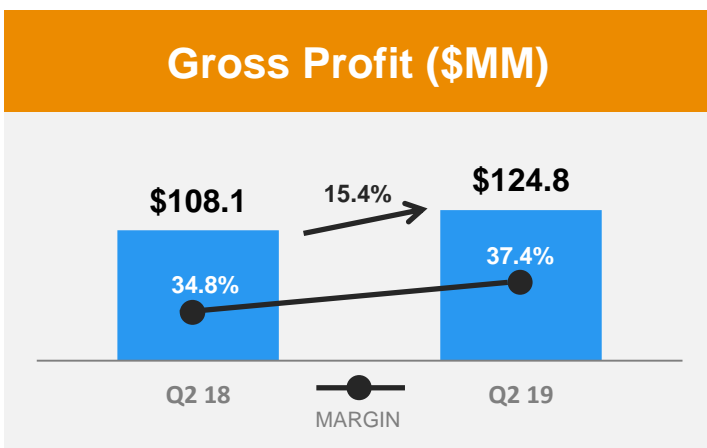
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***Second Quarter 2019  
Financial Overview***

### Revenues (\$MM)



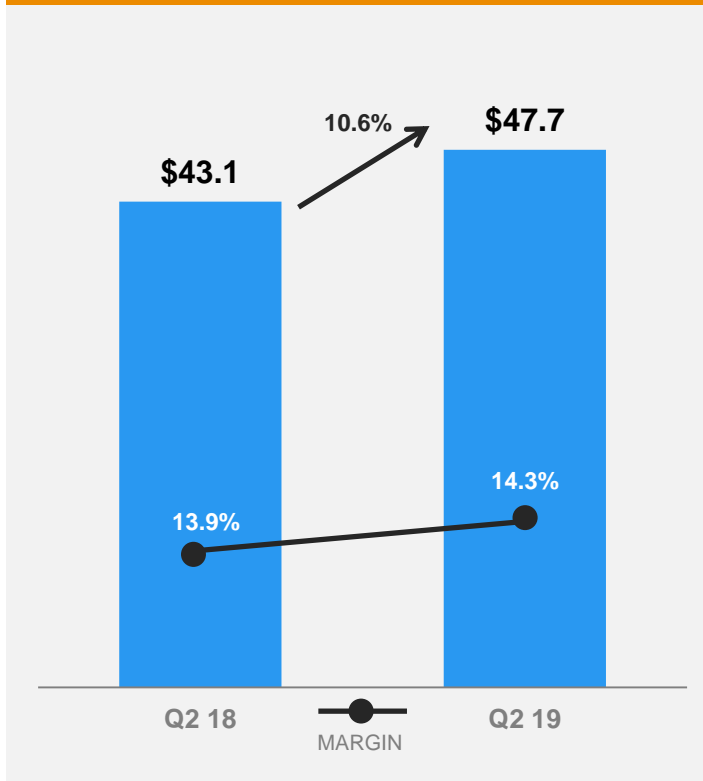
### Gross Profit (\$MM)



## Key Takeaways

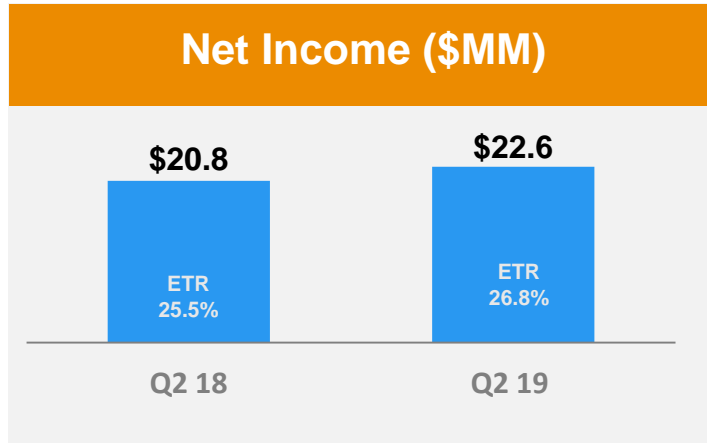
- **Revenues increased 7.5%, or \$23.2 million.**
  - Strong growth in rentals and used equipment sales.
  - One acquisition completed since June 30, 2018: We-Rent-It (2/1/19).
- **Rental revenue increased 20.9% to \$173.8 million vs. \$143.8 million a year ago.<sup>1</sup>**
  - Average rates up 2.2% from a year ago; sequential rates up 0.6%.
  - Utilization at 71.2% (on an OEC basis).
  - Significantly larger fleet than a year ago.
- **New equipment sales decreased 21.8%, or \$14.9 million, to \$53.6 million.**
  - Decrease is primarily due to lower crane and earthmoving equipment sales.
- **Used equipment sales increased 12.4%, or \$4.0 million, to \$36.1 million.**
- **Gross profit increased 15.4%, or \$16.7 million.**
  - Gross margin was 37.4% vs. 34.8%; Strong operating performance.
    - Margins by segments Q2 19 vs. Q2 18:
      - Equipment Rentals 44.7% vs. 44.7%<sup>1</sup>
        - Rentals 49.1% vs. 49.1%<sup>1</sup>
      - New 12.2% vs. 10.7%
      - Used 35.4% vs. 32.3%
        - Fleet only 37.8% vs 35.7%
      - Parts 26.9% vs. 27.6%; Service 68.0% vs. 65.7%

## Income from Operations (\$MM)



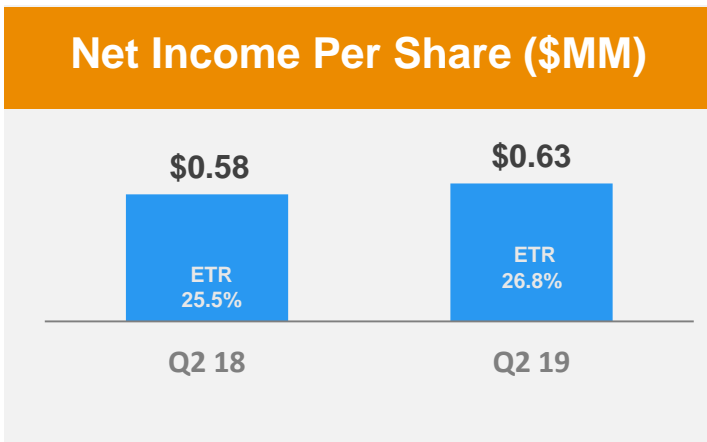
## Key Takeaways

- Income from operations was \$47.7 million compared to \$43.1 million a year ago, an increase of 10.6% on a 7.5% increase in revenues.
- Margins increased to 14.3% in Q2 19 vs. 13.9% in Q2 18; The net increase in margin is primarily due to the following:
  - Revenue mix shift to higher margin rentals.
  - Strong margin results in our new and used equipment sales and service.
  - Partially offset by lower gain on sale of property and higher SG&A.



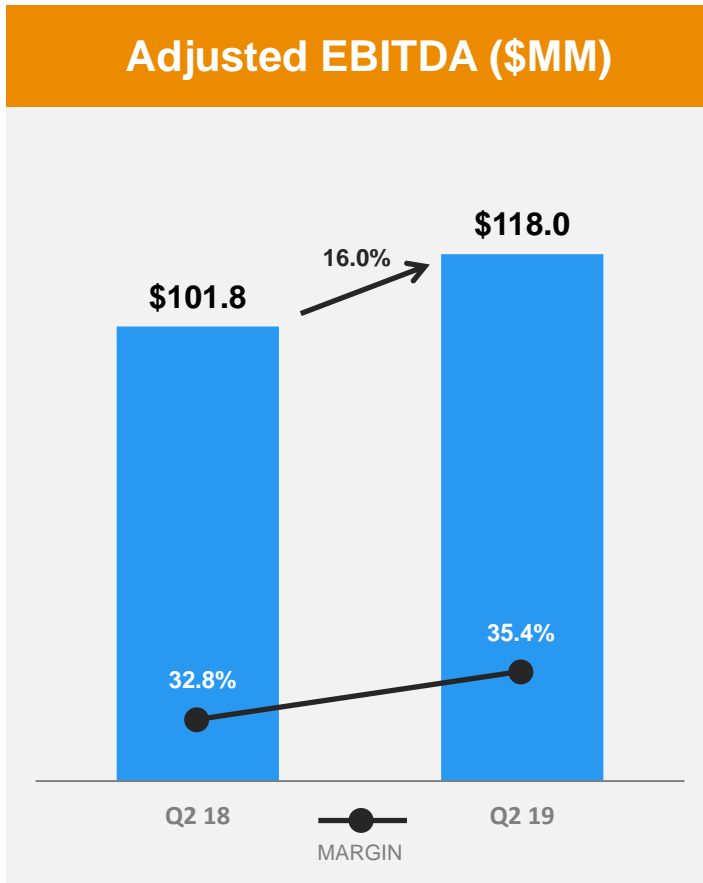
## Key Takeaways

- Net income of \$22.6 million compared to net income of \$20.8 million in Q2 18.
- Diluted net income per share was \$0.63 vs. diluted net income per share of \$0.58 a year ago.
  - Effective tax rate ("ETR") was 26.8% vs. 25.5% a year ago.



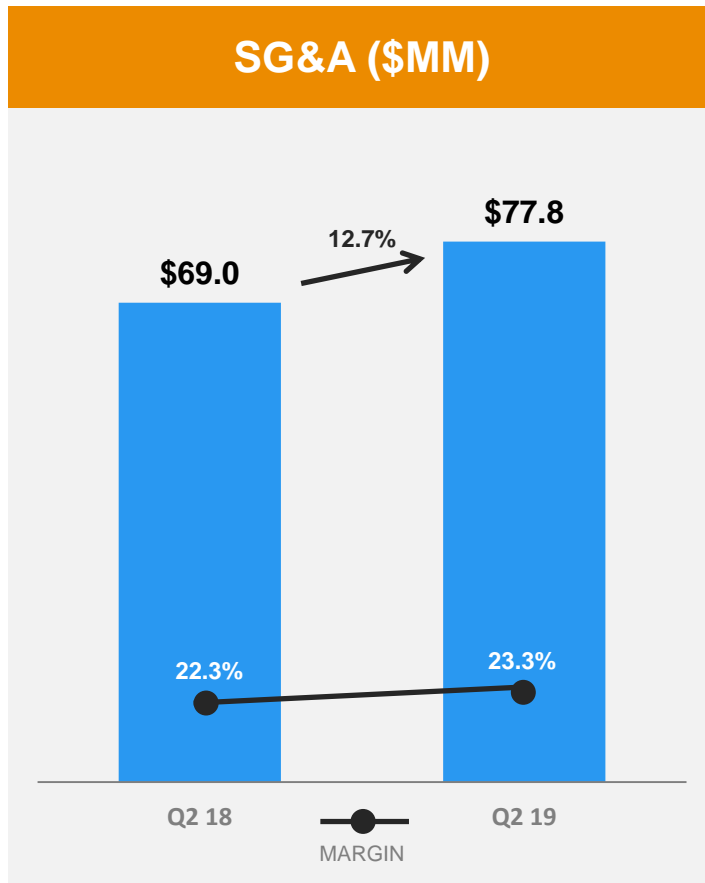


## Adjusted EBITDA (\$MM)



## Key Takeaways

- Results were Adjusted EBITDA of \$118.0 million in Q2 19 compared to \$101.8 million a year ago.
  - Adjusted EBITDA increased 16.0% on a 7.5% increase in revenues.
- Margin was 35.4% compared to 32.8% a year ago primarily due to the following:
  - Revenue mix shifted to higher margin rentals.
  - New and used equipment sales and service segments were positive to year-over-year margins.
  - Margin expansion partially offset by lower gain on sale of property and higher SG&A.

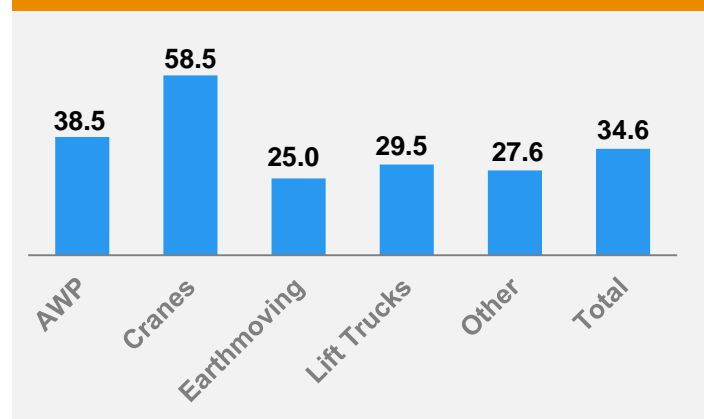


## Key Takeaways

- **SG&A was \$77.8 million compared to \$69.0 million, an \$8.8 million increase.**
  - SG&A as a percentage of revenues was 23.3% compared to 22.3% a year ago.
  - Net increase primarily a result of:
    - Higher labor, wages, incentives, related employee benefits costs and other employee expenses of \$4.8 million due to acquisition since June 30, 2018, larger workforce and higher incentive compensation related to our improved profitability.
    - Facility related expenses increased \$1.9 million.
    - Depreciation and amortization expenses increased \$0.5 million.
    - Greenfield branch expansion costs increased \$0.8 million compared to a year ago.

**Rental Cap-Ex Summary (\$MM)**

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	6 Mos. Ended June 30, 2018	6 Mos. Ended June 30, 2019
<b>Gross Rental CapEx<sup>1</sup></b>	\$303.3	\$412.7	\$230.2	\$218.2	\$244.7	\$440.9	\$239.4	\$208.3
<b>Sale of Rental Equipment</b>	\$(114.6)	\$(101.4)	\$(99.5)	\$(84.4)	\$(96.1)	\$(112.0)	\$(52.1)	\$(61.7)
<b>Net Rental CapEx</b>	\$188.7	\$311.3	\$130.7	\$133.8	\$148.6	\$328.9	\$187.3	\$146.6

**Fleet Age by Type (Months)**

**Free Cash Flow Summary (\$MM)**

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	6 Mos. Ended June 30, 2018	6 Mos. Ended June 30, 2019
<b>Free Cash Flow<sup>2</sup></b>	\$(40.9)	\$(138.3)	\$104.9	\$62.6	\$73.1	\$(279.0)	\$(269.1)	\$(101.2)

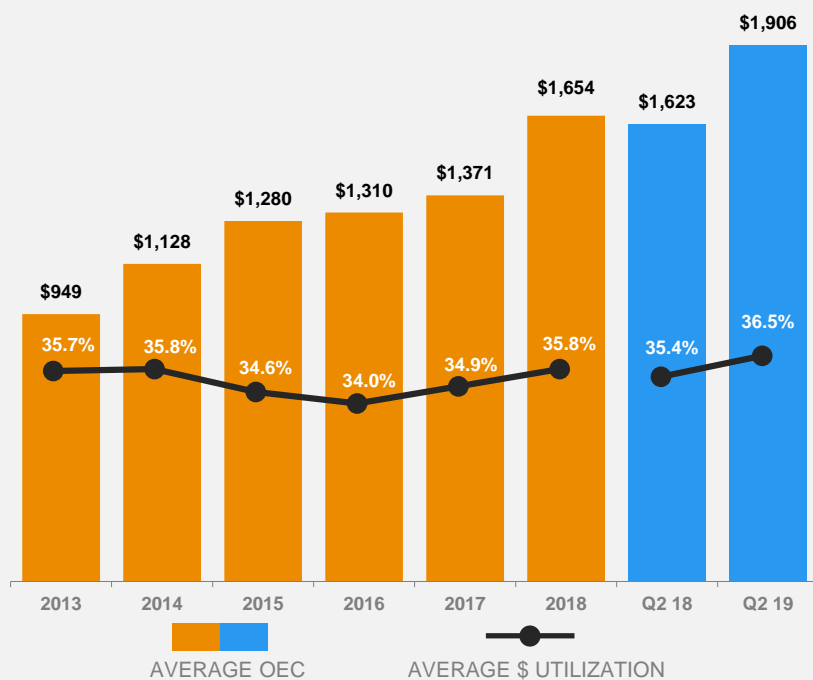
NOTE: Fleet statistics as of June 30, 2019.

1 – Gross rental cap-ex includes amounts transferred from new and used inventory considered non-cash asset purchases for purposes of the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows.

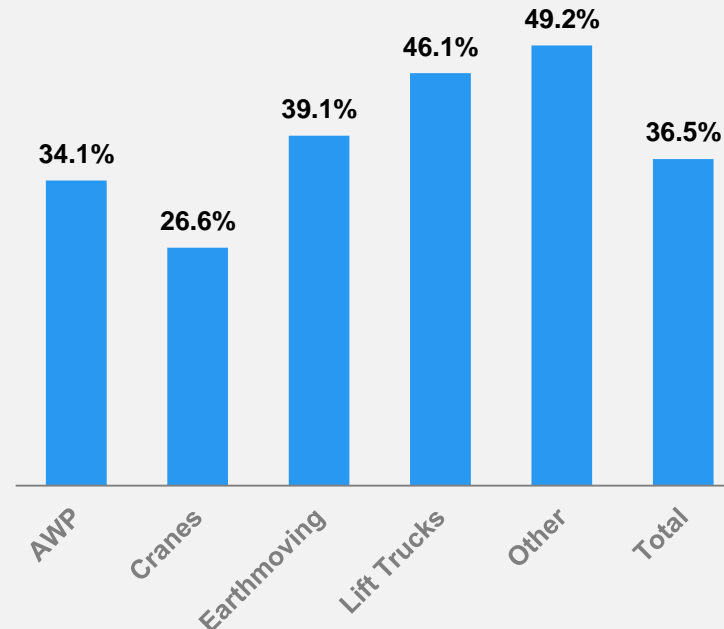
Gross rental cap-ex does not include amounts acquired through acquisitions.

2 – We define Free Cash Flow as net cash provided by operating activities less (1) purchases of rental equipment, property and equipment, and acquisition of businesses, net of cash acquired plus (2) proceeds from sales of rental equipment and property and equipment. Please refer to Appendix A for a further description and reconciliation of net cash provided by operating activities to this Non-GAAP measure.

### Rental Fleet Statistics<sup>1</sup> (\$MM)



### \$ Utilization by Equipment Type<sup>1</sup>



Note: Fleet statistics as of June 30, 2019.

1 – Represents rental revenues annualized divided by the average original equipment cost.

### Capital Structure (\$MM)

**6/30/19**

Cash	<b>\$6.7</b>
Debt:	
Sr. Sec'd Credit Facility (ABL)	<b>\$282.7</b>
Senior Unsecured Notes <sup>1</sup>	<b>950.0</b>
Finance Lease Liabilities	<b>0.7</b>
<b>Total Debt</b>	<b>\$1,233.4</b>
<b>Shareholders' Equity</b>	<b>275.6</b>
<b>Total Book Capitalization</b>	<b>\$1,509.0</b>

### Credit Statistics

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	LTM Q2 2019
<b>Adj. EBITDA<sup>2</sup> / Total Interest Exp.</b>	5.0x	6.0x	5.9x	5.6x	6.0x	6.4x	6.6x
<b>Total Net Debt<sup>3</sup> / Adj. EBITDA<sup>2</sup></b>	2.8x	2.8x	2.6x	2.6x	2.4x	2.7x	2.8x
<b>Total Debt / Total Capitalization</b>	88.6%	87.0%	85.1%	84.8%	81.4%	81.4%	81.7%

1 – Senior Unsecured Notes exclude \$9.5 million of unaccreted discount; \$6.5 million of unamortized premium and \$1.9 million of deferred financing costs.

2 – Excludes the impact of the \$25.4 million non-recurring item associated with the premiums paid to repurchase and redeem previously outstanding 7% senior unsecured notes, the write-off of unamortized note discount and deferred transaction costs associated therewith and \$5.8 million of merger breakup fee proceeds, net of merger costs, of the termination of the merger agreement with Neff Corporation in the third quarter of 2017, \$0.7 million of other merger costs recorded in 2018 and \$0.1 million in merger costs recorded in 2019. See Appendix A for a reconciliation of Non-GAAP measures.

3 – Net debt is defined as total debt less cash on hand.

***Brad Barber*** CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND PRESIDENT

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***Conclusion***



- **Year-to-date performance is consistent with the ongoing strength in the non-residential construction markets; positive outlook for 2019 and into 2020.**
- **Rental business performing well; solid operational execution resulting in solid rates and utilization.**
- **Focused on improving all business segments with continued emphasis on growth in rental business.**
- **Paid twentieth consecutive quarterly cash dividend of \$0.275 per share on June 14, 2019.**

**Appendix A-Unaudited Reconciliation  
of Non-GAAP Financial Measures**

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## ***Unaudited Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures***

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EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA and Free Cash Flow are non-GAAP measures as defined under the rules of the SEC. We define EBITDA as net income (loss) before interest expense, income taxes, depreciation and amortization. For the year ended December 31, 2017, we define Adjusted EBITDA as EBITDA adjusted for (1) merger breakup fees, net of related merger costs, totaling \$5.8 million related to the previously proposed acquisition of Neff Corporation and the previously mentioned CEC transaction costs; and (2) a non-recurring \$25.4 million item associated with the premiums paid to repurchase and redeem previously outstanding 7% senior unsecured notes and the write-off of unamortized note discount and deferred transaction costs associated therewith. We define Adjusted EBITDA for the year ended December 31, 2018, as EBITDA adjusted for \$0.7 million related to recent acquisition costs. We define Adjusted EBITDA for the three month period ended June 30, 2018 and 2019, and for the last twelve months ended June 30, 2019, as EBITDA adjusted for \$0.1 million, \$0.1 million and \$0.8 million, respectively, of transaction costs related to recent acquisitions.

We use EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA in our business operations to, among other things, evaluate the performance of our business, develop budgets and measure our performance against those budgets. We also believe that analysts and investors use EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA as supplemental measures to evaluate a company's overall operating performance. However, EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA have material limitations as analytical tools and you should not consider them in isolation, or as substitutes for analysis of our results as reported under GAAP. We consider them useful tools to assist us in evaluating performance because they eliminate items related to capital structure, taxes and non-cash charges. The items that we have eliminated in determining EBITDA for the periods presented are interest expense, income taxes, depreciation of fixed assets (which includes rental equipment and property and equipment) and amortization of intangible assets and, in the case of Adjusted EBITDA, any other items described above applicable to the particular period. However, some of these eliminated items are significant to our business. For example, (i) interest expense is a necessary element of our costs and ability to generate revenue because we incur a significant amount of interest expense related to our outstanding indebtedness; (ii) payment of income taxes is a necessary element of our costs; and (iii) depreciation is a necessary element of our costs and ability to generate revenue because rental equipment is the single largest component of our total assets and we recognize a significant amount of depreciation expense over the estimated useful life of this equipment. Any measure that eliminates components of our capital structure and costs associated with carrying significant amounts of fixed assets on our consolidated balance sheet has material limitations as a performance measure. In light of the foregoing limitations, we do not rely solely on EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA as performance measures and also consider our GAAP results. EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA are not measurements of our financial performance under GAAP and should not be considered alternatives to net income, operating income or any other measures derived in accordance with GAAP.

The Company uses Free Cash Flow in our business operations to, among other things, evaluate the cash flow available to meet future debt service obligations and working capital requirements. However, this measure should not be considered as an alternative to cash flows from operating activities or any other measures derived in accordance with GAAP as indicators of operating performance or liquidity. Additionally, our definition of Free Cash Flow is limited, in that it does not represent residual cash flows available for discretionary expenditures due to the fact that the measure does not deduct the payments required for debt service and other contractual obligations. Therefore, we believe it is important to view Free Cash Flow as a measure that provides supplemental information to our entire statement of cash flows. Further, the method used by our management to calculate Free Cash Flow may differ from the methods other companies use to calculate their Free Cash Flow.

Because EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA and Free Cash Flow may not be calculated in the same manner by all companies, these measures may not be comparable to other similarly titled measures by other companies.

We have recast certain prior year period information to conform to the current year presentation of hauling fees and related cost of revenues included within Rentals Other rather than included within Other Revenues as previously reported. Upon our adoption of the new lease accounting guidance (ASC 842), certain ancillary fees associated with our equipment rental activities, such as damage waiver income, environmental fees and fuel and other recovery fees, are properly included within our Rental Revenue segment rather than Other Revenues as previously reported. Because we elected to not recast prior periods upon ASC 842 adoption, we recast and presented these amounts on an "As Adjusted" basis to conform to the current year presentation. We use these non-GAAP metrics to provide further detail to evaluate the period over period performance of the Company, and believe these may be useful to investors for this reason. However, you should not consider them in isolation, or as substitutes for analysis of our results as reported under GAAP.

For a reconciliation of historical non-GAAP financial measures to the nearest comparable GAAP measures, see the Non-GAAP reconciliations included further in this presentation.

**EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA GAAP Reconciliation (\$ in thousands)**

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	Q2 2018	Q2 2019	LTM 6/30/19
<b>Net Income</b>	\$44,140	\$55,139	\$44,305	\$37,172	\$109,658	\$76,623	\$20,771	\$22,614	\$83,231
<b>Interest expense</b>	51,404	52,353	54,030	53,604	54,958	63,707	15,693	17,267	67,483
<b>Provision (Benefit) for income taxes</b>	21,007	37,545	31,371	21,858	(50,314)	28,040	7,098	8,281	30,742
<b>Depreciation</b>	138,903	166,514	186,457	189,697	193,245	233,046	57,372	68,622	255,611
<b>Amortization of intangibles</b>	-	-	-	-	-	3,320	780	1,097	3,884
<b>EBITDA</b>	\$255,454	\$311,551	\$316,163	\$302,331	\$307,547	\$404,736	\$101,714	117,881	440,951
<b>Loss on early extinguishment of debt<sup>1</sup></b>	-	-	-	-	25,363	-	-	-	-
<b>Merger costs, net of merger breakup fee proceeds<sup>1</sup></b>	-	-	-	-	(5,782)	708	68	148	755
<b>Adjusted EBITDA</b>	\$255,454	\$311,551	\$316,163	\$302,331	\$327,128	\$405,444	\$101,782	\$118,029	441,706

1 – Adjustments relate to loss from early extinguishment of debt incurred in the third quarter ended September 30, 2017. Adjustment also includes the net merger breakup fee proceeds associated with the terminated merger agreement with Neff Corporation and transaction costs associated with subsequent acquisitions.



**Free Cash Flow GAAP Reconciliation (\$ in thousands)**

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	6 Mos. Ended June 30, 2018	6 Mos. Ended June 30, 2019
<b>Net cash provided by operating activities</b>	\$138,652	\$158,318	\$206,620	\$176,979	\$226,199	\$247,211	\$105,415	\$134,952
<b>Acquisition of business, net of cash acquired</b>	-	-	-	-	-	(196,027)	(196,027)	(106,746)
<b>Purchases of property and equipment</b>	(29,479)	(33,235)	(26,797)	(22,895)	(22,515)	(34,960)	(19,561)	(18,568)
<b>Purchases of rental equipment<sup>1</sup></b>	(267,465)	(368,491)	(178,772)	(179,709)	(234,209)	(416,600)	(217,828)	(174,674)
<b>Proceeds from sale of property and equipment</b>	2,759	3,657	4,289	3,805	7,506	9,261	6,687	2,173
<b>Proceeds from sale of rental equipment</b>	114,595	101,426	99,521	84,389	96,143	112,086	52,177	61,668
<b>Free cash flow</b>	\$(40,938)	(138,325)	\$104,861	\$62,569	\$73,124	(279,029)	(269,137)	(101,195)

1 – Purchases of rental equipment as reflected in the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows exclude non-cash assets transferred from new and used inventory to rental. Transfers from new and used inventory to rental are included below and also shown in the supplemental schedule of non-cash investing and financing activities of the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows. In addition, the amounts as detailed below are included in gross rental cap-ex on slide 17.

**Transfers from New and Used Inventory (\$MM)**

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	6 Mos. Ended June 30, 2108	6 Mos. Ended June 30, 2019
<b>Transfers of new and used inventory</b>	\$35.9	\$44.2	\$51.4	\$38.5	\$10.5	\$24.3	\$21.6	\$33.6

## H&E Equipment Services, Inc. Unaudited Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures (Amounts in thousands)

\$'s in thousands	Quarter Ended 6/30/18 <sup>1</sup>					Quarter Ended
	As Previously Reported	Hauling Fees <sup>(a)</sup>	As Currently Reported	Other Rental Fees <sup>(b)</sup>	As Adjusted	6/30/19 As Currently Reported
<b>REVENUES</b>						
Equipment rentals <sup>2</sup>						
Rentals	\$ 143,829	\$ -	\$ 143,829	\$ -	\$ 143,829	\$ 173,837
Rentals other	-	8,885	8,885	6,788	15,673	18,465
Total equipment rentals	143,829	8,885	152,714	6,788	159,502	192,302
New equipment sales	68,539	-	68,539	-	68,539	53,596
Used equipment sales	32,140	-	32,140	-	32,140	36,128
Parts sales	30,281	-	30,281	-	30,281	31,871
Services revenues	16,788	-	16,788	-	16,788	16,725
Other	18,787	(8,885)	9,902	(6,788)	3,114	2,975
Total revenues	310,364	-	310,364	-	310,364	333,597
<b>COST OF REVENUES</b>						
Rental depreciation	51,171	-	51,171	-	51,171	61,434
Rental expense	22,073	-	22,073	-	22,073	27,019
Rental other	-	13,530	13,530	1,402	14,932	17,847
	73,244	13,530	86,774	1,402	88,176	106,300
New equipment sales	61,226	-	61,226	-	61,226	47,064
Used equipment sales	21,772	-	21,772	-	21,772	23,321
Parts sales	21,931	-	21,931	-	21,931	23,290
Services revenues	5,752	-	5,752	-	5,752	5,359
Other	18,336	(13,530)	4,806	(1,402)	3,404	3,482
Total cost of revenues	202,261	-	202,261	-	202,261	208,816
<b>GROSS PROFIT</b>						
Equipment rentals						
Rentals	70,585	-	70,585	-	70,585	85,384
Rentals other	-	(4,645)	(4,645)	5,386	741	618
	70,585	(4,645)	65,940	5,386	71,326	86,002
New equipment sales	7,313	-	7,313	-	7,313	6,532
Used equipment sales	10,368	-	10,368	-	10,368	12,807
Parts sales	8,350	-	8,350	-	8,350	8,581
Services revenues	11,036	-	11,036	-	11,036	11,366
Other	451	4,645	5,096	(5,386)	(290)	(507)
Total gross profit	\$ 108,103	\$ -	\$ 108,103	\$ -	\$ 108,103	\$ 124,781
<b>GROSS MARGIN</b>						
Equipment rentals						
Rentals	49.1%	-	49.1%	-	49.1%	49.1%
Rentals other	-	-52.3%	-52.3%	79.3%	4.7%	3.3%
	49.1%	-52.3%	43.2%	79.3%	44.7%	44.7%
New equipment sales	10.7%	-	10.7%	-	10.7%	12.2%
Used equipment sales	32.3%	-	32.3%	-	32.3%	35.4%
Parts sales	27.6%	-	27.6%	-	27.6%	26.9%
Services revenues	65.7%	-	65.7%	-	65.7%	68.0%
Other	2.4%	52.3%	51.5%	-79.3%	-9.3%	-17.0%
Total gross margin	34.8%	-	34.8%	-	34.8%	37.4%

1 (a) We have recast the prior year period information to conform to the current year presentation of hauling fees and related cost of revenues included within Equipment Rentals rather than included within Other Revenues as previously reported.

(b) Upon our adoption of the new lease accounting guidance (ASC 842), certain ancillary fees associated with our equipment rental activities, such as damage waiver income, environmental fees and fuel and other recovery fees, are properly included within our Rental Revenue segment rather than Other Revenues as previously reported. Because we elected to not recast prior periods upon ASC 842 adoption, the table above recasts these amounts on an "As Adjusted" basis to conform to the current year presentation.

2 Pursuant to SEC Regulation S-X, our equipment rental revenues are aggregated and presented in our unaudited consolidated statements of income in this press release as a single line item, "Equipment Rentals". This table disaggregates our equipment rental revenues for discussion and analysis purposes only.



## H&E Equipment Services, Inc. Unaudited Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures (Amounts in thousands)

\$'s in thousands	Six Months Ended 6/30/18 <sup>1</sup>					Six Months Ended 6/30/19
	As Previously Reported	Hauling Fees <sup>(a)</sup>	As Currently Reported	Other Rental Fees <sup>(b)</sup>	As Adjusted	As Currently Reported
<b>REVENUES</b>						
Equipment rentals <sup>2</sup>						
Rentals	\$ 273,190	\$ -	\$ 273,190	\$ -	\$ 273,190	\$ 333,497
Rentals other	-	16,562	16,562	13,055	29,617	34,934
Total equipment rentals	273,190	16,562	289,752	13,055	302,807	368,431
New equipment sales	115,032	-	115,032	-	115,032	112,699
Used equipment sales	56,993	-	56,993	-	56,993	65,762
Parts sales	58,432	-	58,432	-	58,432	62,299
Services revenues	31,824	-	31,824	-	31,824	32,293
Other	35,375	(16,562)	18,813	(13,055)	5,758	5,751
Total revenues	570,846	-	570,846	-	570,846	647,235
<b>COST OF REVENUES</b>						
Rental depreciation	97,640	-	97,640	-	97,640	118,582
Rental expense	43,345	-	43,345	-	43,345	51,787
Rental other	-	25,630	25,630	2,967	28,597	34,122
	140,985	25,630	166,615	2,967	169,582	204,491
New equipment sales	102,071	-	102,071	-	102,071	99,163
Used equipment sales	38,709	-	38,709	-	38,709	42,333
Parts sales	42,548	-	42,548	-	42,548	45,579
Services revenues	10,802	-	10,802	-	10,802	10,363
Other	35,043	(25,630)	9,413	(2,967)	6,446	6,825
Total cost of revenues	370,158	-	370,158	-	370,158	408,754
<b>GROSS PROFIT</b>						
Equipment rentals						
Rentals	132,205	-	132,205	-	132,205	163,128
Rentals other	-	(9,068)	(9,068)	10,088	1,020	812
	132,205	(9,068)	123,137	10,088	133,225	163,940
New equipment sales	12,961	-	12,961	-	12,961	13,536
Used equipment sales	18,284	-	18,284	-	18,284	23,429
Parts sales	15,884	-	15,884	-	15,884	16,720
Services revenues	21,022	-	21,022	-	21,022	21,930
Other	332	9,068	9,400	(10,088)	(688)	(1,074)
Total gross profit	\$ 200,688	\$ -	\$ 200,688	\$ -	\$ 200,688	\$ 238,481
<b>GROSS MARGIN</b>						
Equipment rentals						
Rentals	48.4%	-	48.4%	-	48.4%	48.9%
Rentals other	-	-54.8%	-54.8%	77.3%	3.4%	2.3%
	48.4%	-54.8%	42.5%	77.3%	44.0%	44.5%
New equipment sales	11.3%	-	11.3%	-	11.3%	12.0%
Used equipment sales	32.1%	-	32.1%	-	32.1%	35.6%
Parts sales	27.2%	-	27.2%	-	27.2%	26.8%
Services revenues	66.1%	-	66.1%	-	66.1%	67.9%
Other	0.9%	54.8%	50.0%	-77.3%	-11.9%	-18.7%
Total gross margin	35.2%	-	35.2%	-	35.2%	36.8%

1 (a) We have recast the prior year period information to conform to the current year presentation of hauling fees and related cost of revenues included within Equipment Rentals rather than included within Other Revenues as previously reported.

(b) Upon our adoption of the new lease accounting guidance (ASC 842), certain ancillary fees associated with our equipment rental activities, such as damage waiver income, environmental fees and fuel and other recovery fees, are properly included within our Rental Revenue segment rather than Other Revenues as previously reported. Because we elected to not recast prior periods upon ASC 842 adoption, the table above recasts these amounts on an "As Adjusted" basis to conform to the current year presentation.

2 Pursuant to SEC Regulation S-X, our equipment rental revenues are aggregated and presented in our unaudited consolidated statements of income in this press release as a single line item, "Equipment Rentals". This table disaggregates our equipment rental revenues for discussion and analysis purposes only.

# **H&E** EQUIPMENT SERVICES<sup>®</sup>



***RENTALS / SALES / PARTS / SERVICE***